BTEC Sport Revision Checklist	
Components of Fitness:	
Skill related Components	
<ul> <li>Coordination</li> </ul>	
Reaction Time	
Agility	
Balance	
<ul><li>Power</li></ul>	
Physical Components	
<ul> <li>Body Composition</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Aerobic Endurance</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Muscular Strength</li> </ul>	
<ul><li>Speed</li></ul>	
Flexibility	
Muscular Endurance	
Principles of Training:	
Frequency	
Intensity	
Time	
Type	
Additional Principles of training:	
<ul> <li>Specificity</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Progressive Overload</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Individual Differences</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Adaptation</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Reversibility</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Variation</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Rest and Recovery</li> </ul>	
Exercise Intensity:	
Maximum Heart Rate	
Borg Scale	
• RPE	
Aerobic Training Zone	
Anaerobic Training Zone	
, mac. object training Lotte	
Pre Test Procedures	
Calibrate Equipment	
Complete informed Consent	
<ul> <li>Complete a PAR-Q</li> </ul>	
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Fitness Testing - Aerobic Endurance	
Multi stage Fitness Test	
Yo-yo Test	
Harvard Step Test	
<ul> <li>12 minute Cooper Test</li> </ul>	
TZ minute Cooper lest	

Fitness Testing – Muscular Endurance	
One minute sit up and press up	
Timed Plank	
- Timed Flatik	
Fitness Testing – Flexibility	
Sit and Reach test	
<ul> <li>Calf and shoulder flexibility test</li> </ul>	
Fitness Testing - Speed and Power	
<ul> <li>35 metre Standing Sprint</li> </ul>	
Vertical Jump	
Fitness Testing – Muscular Strength	
Grip Dynamometer	
One Rep Max	
Fitness Testing – Body Composition	
• BMI	
• BIA	
Skinfold test	
Fitness Testing – Agility and Reaction Time	
Illinois Agility Test	
• T-Test	
Ruler Drop	
Fitness Testing – Balance and Coordination	
<ul> <li>Standing Stork</li> </ul>	
Wall toss test	
Methods of Training	
Aerobic Endurance:	
<ul> <li>Continuous Training</li> </ul>	
<ul><li>Fartlek</li></ul>	
Interval	
Muscular Endurance:	
Circuit Training	
Weight Training	
vveight maining	
Flexibility:	
Static Active	
Static Passive	
PNF Stretching	
Speed:	
Acceleration Sprints	
Resistance	
Interval Training	
Agility:	
SAQ Training	
Power:	

Plyometric Training	
Long term effects of fitness training on the	
Cardiorespiratory System:	
<ul> <li>Increased Cardiac Hypertrophy</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Decreased resting heart rate</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Increased strength of respiratory</li> </ul>	
muscles	
<ul> <li>Increased capillarisation around alveoli</li> </ul>	
Long term effects of fitness training on the	
Musculoskeletal System:	
Increased range of movement at a Joint	
Increased Muscle Length	
Increased Capillarisation around muscle	
tissue	
Increased muscle tone	
Increased Muscle Hypertrophy	
Increased Bone density	
Increased muscle Tendon and Ligament	
Strength	
Increased Tolerance to Lactic Acid	
Provisions:	
Private	
• Public	
Voluntary	
Types of Motivation:	
• Intrinsic	
Extrinsic  SMARTER Goals	
Specific	
Measurable	
Access	
Reach	
Timescale	
Exciting	
Recorded	
Short Term and Long Term Goals	
Short lettii aliu Long lettii Goals	